TO: Licensed Food Establishments and Common Victualler Liquor License Holders in the Town of Sandwich
FROM: Town of Sandwich Board of Heath and Board of Selectmen
RE: Temporary Seasonal Outdoor Seating Allowance

Acknowledging the current situation due to COVID-19, the Town of Sandwich is proposing to allow Food Establishments to provide temporary outdoor seating in consideration of the need to reduce interior seating. The reduction of interior seating will be necessary to provide social distancing to protect your customers and your staff. These Temporary Outdoor Seating allowances will remain in effect until Massachusetts reaches Phase 4 of the reopening plan, or until such time the Town of Sandwich deems appropriate.

The following criteria, based on the recommendations of Massachusetts Governor Baker and the Town of Sandwich, must be met and approved by the Town for outdoor seating prior to opening. Please make sure all of the requirements listed below are explained in your application:

1. Application must be completed and submitted to the Town of Sandwich.
2. The application MUST include a description of the proposed premises, as well as a sketch of the proposed outdoor seating including number of outdoor seats.
   - Seating must be 6 feet part to facilitate social distancing.
3. Provide explanation of adequate egress, in compliance with the Building Code.
4. Provide explanation to be 521 CMR compliant related to accessibility.
5. If proposed outdoor seating area encroaches on exiting parking spaces, this may be acceptable provided the current required minimum number of spaces for the business can still be achieved. Provide written information on parking adjustments.
6. Letter of permission (if applicable) if the parking lot is not owned by the restaurant from the owner of the parking lot indicating permission to use it for outdoor dining.
7. With a permit from inspections, open-sided tents are permissible.
8. Provide explanation on temporary or permanent fencing around the proposed seating area. The fencing standards are open to discussion depending on the location and public access.
9. For those licenses that serve alcohol: Any exterior seating public entry points require an employee to oversee the exit/entry point(s) to ensure no alcoholic beverages leave the area.
   - These guidelines do not preclude you from obtaining permission from the property owner in order to extend your premises.
   - Once the application is received and reviewed, you will be notified of approval or if modifications are required.
   - At this time, the Governor’s Phase II starts June 8, 2020
   - This application does not supersede future Governors orders or changes to allowances for restaurants the state or town may issue.
   - Proposed outdoor seating capacity is not to exceed existing interior permitted capacity.
We understand your eagerness to re-open, and the Town will work swiftly and diligently to assist you in this process.

CHECKLIST

☐ 1. Applicant must be completed and submitted application to the Town of Sandwich.

☐ 2. The application MUST include a description of the proposed premises, as well as a sketch of the proposed outdoor seating including number of seats (indoor and outdoor).
   
   ☐ a. Each table must be placed 6 feet apart from each other.

☐ 3. Provide explanation of adequate egress, in compliance with the Building Code.

☐ 4. Provide explanation to be 521 CMR compliant. (accessibility)

☐ 5. If proposed outdoor seating area encroaching on exiting parking spaces may be acceptable provided the current required minimum number of spaces for the business can still be achieved. Provide written information on parking adjustments.

☐ 6. Letter of permission (if applicable) if the parking lot is not owned by the restaurant, submit a letter of permission from the owner of the parking lot indicating permission to use it for outdoor dining.

☐ 7. Provide explanation on temporary or permanent fencing is required around the proposed seating area. The fencing standards are open to discussion depending on the location and public access.

☐ 8. For those licenses that serve alcohol: Any exterior seating public entry points require an employee to oversee the exit/entry point(s) to ensure no alcoholic beverages leave the area.

☐ 9. Liquor License holders must provide insurance coverage for any extension of premises.

PLEASE RETURN COMPLETE APPLICATION TO KATHY COGGEshall
KCggESHALL@SANDWICHMASS.ORG
APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY OUTDOOR SEATING/ALTERATION OF PREMISES

BUSINESS ENTITY INFORMATION

Do you hold a Liquor License?  Yes ☐  No ☐  Seasonal/Annual ☐

Entity Name ☐ D/B/A ☐

Contact Name ☐ Email ☐ Phone ☐

Address ☐

PROPOSED DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES. Please provide a complete description of proposed premises, including approximate square footage, numbers of seats. Total seating: Proposed Indoor, proposed outdoor. You must also submit a proposed sketch for the outdoor seating on the attached page.

Approx Square Footage ☐ Total Seating (indoor and outdoor) ☐

Proposed Indoor Seating ☐ Proposed Outdoor Seating ☐

What type of fencing will be used around the proposed outdoor premises?

For Liquor License holders: Does the proposed outdoor seating have a person to oversee the exit/entry point and can the outdoor seating be seen from the interior of the premises for monitoring?

On the following Additional Information Page: Please provide a rough sketch of the proposed outdoor seating area.
HAND-DRAWN SKETCH OF PROPOSED OUTDOOR SEATING – INCLUDE

1. # OF TABLES AND SEATS
2. ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO PARKING
Safety Standards and Checklist: Restaurants

These workplace safety standards for restaurants are posted in advance of the Governor's initiation of Phase 2 to allow restaurants time to prepare to operate in compliance with these mandatory health and safety standards. Restaurants may not provide any service beyond carry-out or delivery until specifically authorized to do so in Phase 2 of the Commonwealth's Workplace Re-Opening Plan. The Governor will initiate Phase 2 of the Re-Opening Plan by formal Executive Order and only following a careful review of public health data.

Restaurants may provide outdoor table service at the commencement of Phase 2 of the Commonwealth's Reopening Plan. Restaurants will be authorized at a later date and by a subsequent Phase 2 Order to commence indoor table service if the public health data reflects continued positive progression

Social Distancing

When indoor table service is permitted, restaurants are encouraged to structure operations to operate as much as possible through outdoor table service and to strictly limit indoor table service in order to assure effective compliance with social distancing requirements and to limit activities within confined spaces.

Restaurants must comply with the following sector specific social distancing rules for providing dining services in all customer seating areas:

- Tables must be positioned so to maintain at least a 6 foot distance from all other tables and any high foot traffic areas (e.g., routes to bathrooms, entrances, exits); tables may be positioned closer if separated by protective / non-porous barriers (e.g., structural walls or plexi-glass dividers) not less than 6 feet high installed between tables and high foot traffic areas.
- The size of a party seated at a table cannot exceed 6 people.
- Restaurants may not seat any customers at the bar, but subject to any applicable building and fire code requirements, bar areas may be re-configured to accommodate table seating that complies with all spacing and other requirements in these COVID-19 safety standards.
- All customers must be seated; eat-in service to standing customers (e.g., around bar areas) is prohibited.
- Restaurants may provide carry-out or delivery service, but all safety standards for table separation, size of party, and hygiene must be maintained for any indoor or outdoor table seating that is available to carry-out patrons.
- All other amenities and areas not employed for food and beverage service (e.g., dance floors, pool tables, playgrounds, etc.) must be closed or removed to prevent gathering of customers.
Ensure separation of 6 feet or more between all individuals (workers, vendors, and customers) unless this creates a safety hazard due to the nature of the work or the configuration of the workspace:

- Close or reconfigure worker common spaces and high density areas where workers are likely to congregate (e.g., break rooms, eating areas) to allow 6 feet of physical distancing; redesign work stations to ensure physical distancing (e.g., separate tables, stagger workstations on either side of processing lines so workers are not face-to-face, use distance markers to assure spacing including in the kitchen area)
- Establish directional hallways and passageways for foot traffic if possible, to minimize contact (e.g., one-way entrance and exit to the restaurant). Post clearly visible signage regarding these policies
- Prohibit lingering in common areas (e.g., waiting areas, bathrooms) and ensure social distancing in common areas by marking 6 feet spacing with tape or paint on the floor and signage
- All customer-facing workers (e.g., servers, bus staff) must minimize time spent within 6 feet of customers

Designate assigned working areas to workers where possible to limit movement throughout the restaurant and limit contact between workers (e.g., assigning zones to servers)

Stagger work schedules and staff meal and break times, regulating maximum number of people in one place and ensuring at least 6 feet of physical distancing

Minimize the use of confined spaces (e.g., elevators, vehicles) by more than one individual at a time

Require face coverings for all customers and workers at all times, except where an individual is unable to wear a face covering due to medical condition or disability

**Recommended best practices**

Improve ventilation for enclosed spaces where possible (e.g., open doors and windows)

Customers may remove face coverings while seated at tables

**Hygiene Protocols**

All workers must wash their hands frequently, and table servers must wash their hands or apply hand sanitizer between each table interaction

Ensure access to handwashing facilities on site, including soap and running water, and allow sufficient break time for workers to wash hands frequently; alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol may be used as an alternative

Alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol should be made
available at entrances, exits, and in the dining area

Supply workers at workplace location with adequate cleaning products (e.g., sanitizer, disinfecting wipes)

Post visible signage throughout the site to remind workers and customers of hygiene and safety protocols

Self-serve, unattended buffets, topping bars, drink stations, and other communal serving areas must remain closed

Condiments and similar products (e.g., salt, pepper, and salad dressing) should not be pre-set on tables and should instead only be provided upon request either in single-serving portions (e.g., individual packages or cups) or in serving containers that are sanitized between each use

Menus must be one of the following: 1) paper, single-use menus disposed after each use, 2) displayed menu (e.g., digital, whiteboard, chalkboard), 3) electronic menus viewed on customers' phones / mobile devices

Utensils and place settings must be either single-use or sanitized after each use; utensils should be rolled or packaged. Tables should not be pre-set to reduce opportunity for exposure

Tables and chairs must be cleaned and sanitized thoroughly between each seating

**Staffing and Operations**

When possible, reservations or call ahead seating should be encouraged; managers must ensure that diners waiting for tables do not congregate in common areas or form lines

Restaurants may not provide customers with buzzers or other devices to provide alerts that seating is available or orders are ready; restaurants should instead use no-touch methods such as audio announcements, text messaging, and notices on fixed video screens or blackboards

Provide training to workers on up-to-date safety information and precautions including hygiene and other measures aimed at reducing disease transmission, including:

- Social distancing, hand-washing, and requirement and proper use of face coverings
- Modifying practices for serving in order to minimize time spent within 6 feet of customers
- Self-screening at home, including temperature or symptom checks
- Reinforcing that staff may not come to work if sick
- When to seek medical attention if symptoms become severe
- Which underlying health conditions may make individuals more susceptible to contracting and suffering from a severe case of the virus

Restaurant operators should establish adjusted workplace hours and shifts for
workers to minimize contact across workers and reduce congestion at entry points

Limit visitors and vendors on site; shipping and deliveries should be completed in designated areas

Workers should not appear for work if feeling ill

Restaurants must screen workers at each shift by ensuring the following:

- Worker is not experiencing any symptoms such as fever (100.3 and above), cough, shortness of breath, or sore throat;
- Worker has not had ‘close contact’ with an individual diagnosed with COVID-19. “Close contact” means living in the same household as a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, caring for a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, being within 6 feet of a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 for 15 minutes or more, or coming in direct contact with secretions (e.g., sharing utensils, being coughed on) from a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, while that person was symptomatic
- Worker has not been asked to self-isolate or quarantine by their doctor or a local public health official
- Workers who are sick or feeling ill must be sent home.

Anyone showing signs of illness may be denied entry

If the employer is notified of a positive case at the workplace, the employer should notify the local Board of Health (LBOH) where the workplace is located and work with them to trace likely contacts in the workplace and advise workers to isolate and self-quarantine

Notify workers that they may not work if they test positive for COVID-19 (they should be isolated at home) or are found to be a close contact of someone with COVID-19 (they should be quarantined at home)

Testing of other staff may be recommended consistent with guidance and / or at the request of the LBOH. Post notice to workers and customers of important health information and relevant safety measures as outlined in government guidelines

Post notice to workers and customers of important health information and relevant safety measures as outlined in the Commonwealth’s Mandatory Safety Standards for Workplace

Designate the Person in Charge (105 CMR 590) for each shift to oversee implementation of the guidelines in this document

Restaurants will be allowed to maximize outdoor dining space, including patios and parking lots where available, where municipal approval is obtained

**Recommended best practices**

When taking reservations and when seating walk-in customers, restaurants should retain a phone number of someone in the party for possible contact
tracing

Encourage use of technological solutions where possible to reduce person-to-person interaction (e.g., contactless payment, mobile ordering, text on arrival for seating)

Workers who are particularly high risk to COVID-19 according to the Centers for Disease Control (e.g., due to age or underlying conditions) are encouraged to stay home or arrange an alternate work assignment

Workers are strongly encouraged to self-identify symptoms or any close contact to a known or suspected COVID-19 case to the employer

Encourage workers who test positive for COVID-19 to disclose to the employer for purposes of cleaning / disinfecting and contact tracing

**Cleaning and Disinfecting**

Clean commonly touched surfaces in restrooms (e.g., toilet seats, doorknobs, stall handles, sinks, paper towel dispensers, soap dispensers) frequently and in accordance with CDC guidelines

Keep cleaning logs that include date, time, and scope of cleaning

Conduct frequent disinfecting of heavy transit areas and high-touch surfaces (e.g., doorknobs, elevator buttons, staircases)

Implement procedures to increase cleaning / disinfecting in the back-of-house. Avoid all food contact surfaces when using disinfectants. Food contact surfaces must be cleaned and sanitized before use with a sanitizer approved for food contact surfaces. Non-food contact surfaces must be frequently cleaned

In the event of a presumptive or actual positive COVID-19 case of a worker, patron, or vendor, the restaurant must be immediately shut down for 24 hours and then must be cleaned and disinfected in accordance with current CDC guidance before re-opening

**Checklist**

**SOCIAL DISTANCING**

**Ensure >6ft between individuals**

- When indoor table service is permitted, restaurants are encouraged to structure operations to operate as much as possible through outdoor table service and to strictly limit indoor table service in order to assure effective compliance with social distancing requirements and to limit activities within confined spaces

- Restaurants must comply with the following sector specific social distancing
rules for providing dining services in all customer seating areas:

- Tables must be positioned so to maintain at least a 6 foot distance from all other tables and any high foot traffic areas (e.g., routes to bathrooms, entrances, exits); tables may be positioned closer if separated by protective / non-porous barriers (e.g., structural walls or plexi-glass dividers) not less than 6 feet high installed between tables and high foot traffic areas
- The size of a party seated at a table cannot exceed 6 people
- Restaurants may not seat any customers at the bar, but subject to any applicable building and fire code requirements, bar areas may be re-configured to accommodate table seating that complies with all spacing and other requirements in these COVID-19 safety standards
- All customers must be seated; eat-in service to standing customers (e.g., around bar areas) is prohibited
- Restaurants may provide carry-out or delivery service, but all safety standards for table separation, size of party, and hygiene must be maintained for any indoor or outdoor table seating that is available to carry-out patrons
- All other amenities and areas not employed for food and beverage service (e.g., dance floors, pool tables, playgrounds, etc.) must be closed or removed to prevent gathering of customers

☐ Ensure separation of 6 feet or more between all individuals (workers, vendors, and customers) unless this creates a safety hazard due to the nature of the work or the configuration of the workspace:

- Close or reconfigure worker common spaces and high density areas where workers are likely to congregate (e.g., break rooms, eating areas) to allow 6 feet of physical distancing; redesign work stations to ensure physical distancing (e.g., separate tables, stagger workstations on either side of processing lines so workers are not face-to-face, use distance markers to assure spacing including in the kitchen area)
- Establish directional hallways and passageways for foot traffic if possible, to minimize contact (e.g., one-way entrance and exit to the restaurant). Post clearly visible signage regarding these policies
- Prohibit lingering in common areas (e.g., waiting areas, bathrooms) and ensure social distancing in common areas by marking 6 feet spacing with tape or paint on the floor and signage
- All customer-facing workers (e.g., servers, bus staff) must minimize time spent within 6 feet of customers

☐ Designate assigned working areas to workers where possible to limit movement throughout the restaurant and limit contact between workers (e.g., assigning zones to servers)

☐ Stagger work schedules and staff meal and break times, regulating maximum number of people in one place and ensuring at least 6 feet of physical distancing

☐ Minimize the use of confined spaces (e.g., elevators, vehicles) by more than one individual at a time
☐ Require face coverings for all customers and workers at all times, except where an individual is unable to wear a face covering due to medical condition or disability

☐ Improve ventilation for enclosed spaces where possible (e.g., open doors and windows)

☐ Customers may remove face coverings while seated at tables

HYGIENE PROTOCOLS

Apply robust hygiene protocols

☐ All workers must wash their hands frequently, and table servers must wash their hands or apply hand sanitizer between each table interaction

☐ Ensure access to handwashing facilities on site, including soap and running water, and allow sufficient break time for workers to wash hands frequently; alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol may be used as an alternative

☐ Alcohol-based hand sanitizers with at least 60% alcohol should be made available at entrances, exits, and in the dining area

☐ Supply workers at workplace location with adequate cleaning products (e.g., sanitizer, disinfecting wipes)

☐ Post visible signage throughout the site to remind workers and customers of hygiene and safety protocols

☐ Self-serve, unattended buffets, topping bars, drink stations, and other communal serving areas must remain closed

☐ Condiments and similar products (e.g., salt, pepper, and salad dressing) should not be pre-set on tables and should instead only be provided upon request either in single-serving portions (e.g., individual packages or cups) or in serving containers that are sanitized between each use

☐ Menus must be one of the following: 1) paper, single-use menus disposed after each use, 2) displayed menu (e.g., digital, whiteboard, chalkboard), 3) electronic menus viewed on customers’ phones / mobile devices

☐ Utensils and place settings must be either single-use or sanitized after each use; utensils should be rolled or packaged. Tables should not be pre-set to reduce opportunity for exposure

☐ Tables and chairs must be cleaned and sanitized thoroughly between each seating

STAFFING & OPERATIONS
Include safety procedures in the operations

☐ When possible, reservations or call ahead seating should be encouraged; managers must ensure that diners waiting for tables do not congregate in common areas or form lines

☐ Restaurants may not provide customers with buzzers or other devices to provide alerts that seating is available or orders are ready; restaurants should instead use no-touch methods such as audio announcements, text messaging, and notices on fixed video screens or blackboards.

☐ Provide training to workers on up-to-date safety information and precautions including hygiene and other measures aimed at reducing disease transmission, including:

- Social distancing, hand-washing, and requirement and proper use of face coverings
- Modifying practices for serving in order to minimize time spent within 6 feet of customers
- Self-screening at home, including temperature or symptom checks
- Reinforcing that staff may not come to work if sick
- When to seek medical attention if symptoms become severe
- Which underlying health conditions may make individuals more susceptible to contracting and suffering from a severe case of the virus

☐ Restaurant operators should establish adjusted workplace hours and shifts for workers to minimize contact across workers and reduce congestion at entry points.

☐ Limit visitors and vendors on site; shipping and deliveries should be completed in designated areas.

☐ Workers should not appear for work if feeling ill.

☐ Restaurants must screen workers at each shift by ensuring the following:

- Worker is not experiencing any symptoms such as fever (100.3 and above), cough, shortness of breath, or sore throat;
- Worker has not had ‘close contact’ with an individual diagnosed with COVID-19. “Close contact” means living in the same household as a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, caring for a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, being within 6 feet of a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 for 15 minutes or more, or coming in direct contact with secretions (e.g., sharing utensils, being coughed on) from a person who has tested positive for COVID-19, while that person was symptomatic
- Worker has not been asked to self-isolate or quarantine by their doctor or a local public health official
- Workers who are sick or feeling ill must be sent home.

☐ Anyone showing signs of illness may be denied entry.
Encourage workers who test positive for COVID-19 to disclose to the employer for purposes of cleaning/disinfecting and contact tracing. If the employer is notified of a positive case at the workplace, the employer should notify the local Board of Health (LBOH) where the workplace is located and work with them to trace likely contacts in the workplace and advise workers to isolate and self-quarantine.

Notify workers that they may not work if they test positive for COVID-19 (they should be isolated at home) or are found to be a close contact of someone with COVID-19 (they should be quarantined at home).

**STAFFING & OPERATIONS**

**Include safety procedures in the operations**

Testing of other staff may be recommended consistent with guidance and/or at the request of the LBOH. Post notice to workers and customers of important health information and relevant safety measures as outlined in government guidelines.

Post notice to workers and customers of important health information and relevant safety measures as outlined in the Commonwealth’s Mandatory Safety Standards for Workplace.

Designate the Person in Charge (105 CMR 590) for each shift to oversee implementation of the guidelines in this document.

Restaurants will be allowed to maximize outdoor dining space, including patios and parking lots where available, where municipal approval is obtained.

When taking reservations and when seating walk-in customers, restaurants should retain a phone number of someone in the party for possible contact tracing.

Encourage use of technological solutions where possible to reduce person-to-person interaction (e.g., contactless payment, mobile ordering, text on arrival for seating).

Workers who are particularly high risk to COVID-19 according to the Centers for Disease Control (e.g., due to age or underlying conditions) are encouraged to stay home or arrange an alternate work assignment.

Workers are strongly encouraged to self-identify symptoms or any close contact to a known or suspected COVID-19 case to the employer.

**CLEANING & DISINFECTING**

**Incorporate robust hygiene protocols**

Clean commonly touched surfaces in restrooms (e.g., toilet seats, doorknobs, stall handles, sinks, paper towel dispensers, soap dispensers) frequently and in
accordance with CDC guidelines

☐ Keep cleaning logs that include date, time, and scope of cleaning

☐ Conduct frequent disinfecting of heavy transit areas and high-touch surfaces (e.g., doorknobs, elevator buttons, staircases)

☐ Implement procedures to increase cleaning / disinfecting in the back-of-house. Avoid all food contact surfaces when using disinfectants. Food contact surfaces must be cleaned and sanitized before use with a sanitizer approved for food contact surfaces. Non-food contact surfaces must be frequently cleaned

☐ In the event of a presumptive or actual positive COVID-19 case of a worker, patron, or vendor, the restaurant must be immediately shut down for 24 hours and then must be cleaned and disinfected in accordance with current CDC guidance before re-opening

Downloads

Additional resources below, including easy print versions of the sector-specific circular and checklist.

Additional Resources
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES CONTROL COMMISSION ADVISORY REGARDING GUIDELINES FOR EXTENSION OF PREMISES TO PATIO AND OUTDOOR AREAS

On July 28, 2015, at a public meeting, the Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission approved amendments to its “Guidelines for Extension of Premises to Patio and Outdoor Areas.” These amended guidelines supersede the previously issued Guidelines from August 22, 1989. A copy of the amended Guidelines are attached to this Advisory.

As a reminder, all licensees must ensure that they are in compliance with the Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and that sale of alcoholic beverages take place only as authorized by applicable law. Questions concerning this Advisory can be directed to Ralph Sacramone, Executive Director of the Massachusetts Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission at (617) 727-3040 x 731.

(Issued August 6, 2015)
GUIDELINES FOR EXTENSION OF PREMISES TO PATIO AND OUTDOOR AREAS

1. Alcoholic beverages cannot be served outside of a licensed establishment unless and until an application to extend the licensed premises has been approved.

2. An application to extend the premises must describe the area in detail, including dimensions, seating capacity, and maximum occupancy.

3. The premises must be enclosed by a fence, rope, or other means to prevent access from a public walkway.

4. The outdoor area must be contiguous to the licensed premises with either (a) a clear view of the area from inside the premises, or, alternatively (b) the licensee may commit to providing management personnel dedicated to the area.

5. The applicant must have a lease or documents for the right to occupy the proposed area.

6. The licensing authorities should consider the type of neighborhood and the potential for noise in the environs.

7. Preferred are outdoor areas where alcohol is served to patrons who are seated at the tables and where food is also available.

Approved July 28, 2015 (superseding August 22, 1989, Guidelines)
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES CONTROL COMMISSION ADVISORY REGARDING LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES’ APPROVAL OF OUTDOOR SEATING

On June 1, 2020, Governor Charlie Baker issued an Order Clarifying the Progression of the Commonwealth’s Phased Workplace Re-Opening Plan and Authorizing Certain Re-Opening Preparations at Phase II Workplaces, which, in part, details the process for reopening establishments for on-premises consumption. The text of the Governor’s Order can be found HERE.

When the Governor declares that the Commonwealth has entered Phase II of its reopening plan all licensees for on-premises consumption of alcohol may commence outdoor table service only. Indoor service will remain prohibited until further order from the Governor.

The Governor’s Order also grants the local licensing authorities ("LLA") the authority to expand alcohol licensees’ licensed premises for outdoor seating in an expedited process.

Pursuant to the Governor’s Order, on application from a licensee that serves alcohol for on-premises consumption¹, the LLA may alter the description of the licensee’s licensed premises to expand for outdoor seating that the LLA deems “reasonable and proper.” The LLA does not need to comply with M.G.L. c. 138, § 15A, and therefore does not need to provide advance notice to abutters or hold a public hearing on the application. LLAs must continue to follow the ABCC’s guidelines issued in 2015 for the approval of outdoor seating, which can be found HERE.

ABCC approval is not required on these applications. Upon approval from the LLA the LLA may issue the amended license forthwith. The LLA must provide notice by mail to the ABCC on all application approvals. For further guidance on the process of approving and issuing these amended licenses LLAs should consult with their counsel.

Please be aware that all expanded premises approved pursuant to this Order are only effective through November 1, 2020, or until the Order is rescinded, whichever is sooner, and revert to their original licensed premises on that date.

The ABCC continues to retain supervision and oversight of all alcohol licensees, including those that expand their licensed premises pursuant to this Order. As always, all licensees must ensure that they comply with the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and that sales of

¹ This includes restaurants, bars, hotels, general-on-premises, clubs, war veterans’ clubs, continuing care retirement communities, pub-brewers (M.G.L. c. 138, §§ 12 and 19D), farmers-series pouring permits, and manufacturers’ pouring permits (M.G.L. c. 138, §§ 19(b), 19B(n), 19C(n), and 19E(o)).

Telephone: (617) 727-3040 * Fax: (617) 727-1510 * www.mass.gov/abcc
alcoholic beverages take place only as authorized by federal, state, and local law. All questions should be directed to Executive Director Ralph Sacramone at (617) 727-3040 x 731.

(Issued June 1, 2020)